21263

B. Sc. (Hons.) Chemistry 2nd Semester Examination – May, 2019 ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Paper: CH(H)-203

Time: Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 40

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note: Attempt five exestions in all, Question No. 1 is compulsory. Select one question from each Section.

1. (a) Which alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal.

 $1 \times 8 = 8$

- (b) Define Octane Number.
- (c) Name the products formed on combustion of Ethene.
- (d) Which type of reaction is generally shown by alkyl halides.
- (e) How can you convert chlorobenzene into Biphenyl?
- (f) Define Polynuclear Hydrocarbon with an example.
- (g) Define Baker-Nathan effect.
- (h) Define Annulenes.

P. T. O.

SECTION - I

2. (a) Do the following conversions:

4, 4

- (i) Ethene into Ethanol
- (ii) 1, 2-dichloroethane into Ethene
- (iii) chloroethane into Ethene
- (iv) Ethene into chloroethane
- (b) What will happen when:
 - (i) 1, 2-dichloroethane reacts with Zn-dust, Heat
 - (ii) Ethene reacts with cold KMnO4
 - (iii) Propene reacts with Hot KMnO4
 - (iv) But-2-ene undergo ozonolysis

3. (a) Explain the mechanism of:

4, 2, 2

- (i) Dehydration of 3,3-dimethylbutan-2-ol in acidic medium.
- (ii) Bromination of But-2-ene.
- (b) What is the cause of formation of Coal and Petroleum in the earth crust?
- (c) What is the Octane number of:
 - (i) 2,2,4-trimethylpentane
 - (ii) n-heptane

SECTION - II

4. (a) Explain the following:

6, 2

- (i) Pschorr synthesis of Phenanthrene
- (ii) Synthesis of Anthracene

(2)

(b) Explain the mechanism of Suphonation of benzene showing the formation of both σ and π -complex.

SECTION -IV

- 8. (a) How can you convert Chloromethane into: 2, 3, 3
 - (i) Ethane
 - (ii) Propane.
 - (b) Explain the Elimination-addition mechanism of nucleophilic aromatic substitution reaction in chlorobenzene using KNH₂/NH₃(l).
 - (c) What happens when Chloroethane reacts with:
 - (i) Aq. *KOH*
 - (ii) Alc. KOH
 - (iii) Moist Ag₂O
- 9. (a) Why chloroform should be filled up to brim and stored in brown bottles?
 2, 2, 2
 - (b) What happens when Propene reacts with:
 - (i) Br2/U.V. light
 - (ii) HBr/NBS
 - (c) How can you prepare:
 - (i) DDT
 - (ii) BHC
 - (d) What happens when Chloroform reacts with:
 - (i) phenol in presence of KOH
 - (ii) O2 in presence of light